# Town of Wellington, Colorado

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014



# Town of Wellington

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## Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Board of Trustees Town of Wellington, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wellington, Colorado (the "Town"), as of December 31, 2014, and for the year ended and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wellington, Colorado as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



#### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 15 and the budgetary comparison information on pages 46 and 47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other supplementary information

Anton Collins Nikkell CCP

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information on pages 48 through 52 and the Local Highway Finance Report on pages 53 and 54 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison information and Local Highway Finance Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Greeley, Colorado July 28, 2015

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Town of Wellington, we offer readers of the Town of Wellington's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Wellington for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets of the Town of Wellington exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2014 by \$54,109,553 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$13,430,743 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

- \* The Town's total net position increased by \$3,728,448 from the prior year. *Capital assets*, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by approximately \$1,144,293; *current assets* increased by approximately \$7,833,612. Much of the increase in capital assets can be attributed to parks development and the waste water treatment plant expansion. The situation with the non-capital assets involves the steady continuation of building activity from the prior 2 to 3 years, and the receipt of significant debt proceeds for the waste water treatment plant expansion and park projects.
- \* At the end of calendar year 2014, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2,559,488, about 128 percent of total general fund expenditures of \$2,001,689.
- \* The Town retired \$353,672 of its debt (9.5 percent of the outstanding debt at January 1, 2014) excluding compensatory absences computations during the fiscal year. The key factor in this decrease was the semi-annual and annual principal payments made on the Town's outstanding debts shown in Footnote 6, pages 40 and 41 of this report. The Town increased debt outstanding during 2014 by \$4,900,000. \$2,400,000 was borrowed via bank loan for the Wellington Community Park development and \$2,500,000 bond debt was incurred for the expansion of the Waste Water Treatment Plant.

### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Wellington's basic financial statements. The Town of Wellington's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Wellington's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town of Wellington's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Wellington is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Town of Wellington's net positon changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net positon are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Wellington that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town of Wellington include general government, public safety, public works, economic development, and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the Town of Wellington include sewer, water, and storm drainage operations.

The government-wide financial statements include only the Town of Wellington itself (known as the *primary government*).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16 to 18 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Wellington, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Wellington can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending. The funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view to cash, the governmental fund operations and the basic services it provides. These statements help one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation on page 20.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 to 22 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The Town of Wellington maintains three (3) proprietary or enterprise funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Wellington uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, water and storm drainage operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for sewer, water and storm drainage operations, which are considered to be major funds of the Town of Wellington.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 to 25 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town of Wellington's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Additional information on the Town's Fiduciary Fund (Library Trust Fund) can be found on pages 26 and 27 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide significant additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28 to 45 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required and other supplementary information* concerning the Town of Wellington's budget comparison statements for the non-major Conservation Trust Fund and the Town's three major enterprise funds. The other supplementary information can be found on pages 46 to 52 of this report.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Wellington, net assets exceeded liabilities by \$54,109,553 at the close of 2014.

By far the largest portion of the Town of Wellington's net position (64.0 percent) reflects its investment it capital assets (e.g., land, buildings machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Unrestricted net positon may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The Town is providing condensed financial information for fiscal year 2014 compared with 2013 totals.

### Condensed Statement of Net Position

2014

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	<u>Totals</u>	2013 Totals
ASSETS	<b>CO C74 OF4</b>	<b>#40,000,400</b>	<b>#04.007.070</b>	<b>#40.004.004</b>
Current assets	\$8,674,251	\$16,023,422	\$24,697,673	\$16,864,061
Capital assets	<u>14,373,274</u>	<u>26,203,095</u>	40,576,369	39,432,076
Total assets	23,047,525	42,226,517	<u>65,274,042</u>	<u>56,296,137</u>
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities	804,095	1,130,481	1,934,576	1,269,109
Long-term liabilities	2,463,878	6,038,048	8,501,926	3,946,537
-				
<u>Total liabilities</u>	3,267,973	7,168,529	10,436,502	<u>5,215,646</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unearned revenue - property taxes	640,107	<u>87,880</u>	<u>727,987</u>	699,386
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	14,320,774	20,299,503	34,620,277	34,835,639
Restricted for:				
Emergencies	126,081	-	126,081	111,759
Other purposes	2,780,035	3,112,417	5,892,452	1,085,174
Unrestricted	<u>1,912,555</u>	<u>11,558,188</u>	13,470,743	14,348,533
Total net position	<u>\$19,139,445</u>	<u>\$34,970,108</u>	<u>\$54,109,553</u>	<u>\$50,381,105</u>

The restricted portion of net position (11.1 percent) *exclusive of capital assets,* represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$13,470,743) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The next analysis focuses on changes in net position of the Town's governmental and business-type activities.

### Condensed Statement of Activities

2014

Governmental Activities         Business-Type Activities         Totals         2013 Totals           Program revenues           Charges for services         \$ 575,282         \$ 2,571,173         \$ 3,146,455         \$ 2,581,424           Operating grants and contributions         37,845         170,658         208,503         69,636           Capital grants and contributions         76,453         3,378,574         3,455,027         7,422,849           General revenues           Property taxes         605,939         87,803         693,742         692,431           Open space tax         190,385         -         190,385         167,553           Sales and use tax         1,006,178         -         1,006,178         816,175           Franchise fees         153,725         -         153,725         148,194
Program revenues           Charges for services         \$ 575,282         \$ 2,571,173         \$ 3,146,455         \$ 2,581,424           Operating grants and contributions         37,845         170,658         208,503         69,636           Capital grants and contributions         76,453         3,378,574         3,455,027         7,422,849           General revenues           Property taxes         605,939         87,803         693,742         692,431           Open space tax         190,385         -         190,385         167,553           Sales and use tax         1,006,178         -         1,006,178         816,175
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Open space tax         190,385         -         190,385         167,553           Sales and use tax         1,006,178         -         1,006,178         816,175
Sales and use tax 1,006,178 - 1,006,178 816,175
Franchise fees 153,725 - 153,725 148,194
Highway users tax 202,131 - 202,131 192,322
Other taxes 1,143,145 - 1,143,145 997,013
Impact fees 282,722 153,943 436,665 282,294
Grants, undesignated 3,803 - 3,803 3,816
Earnings on investments 20,751 737 21,488 23,346
Other 18,643 681 19,324 55,828
Transfers <u>15,895</u> <u>-</u> <u>15,895</u> <u>12,410</u>
<u>Total all revenues &amp; transfers</u> <u>4,332,897</u> <u>6,363,569</u> <u>10,696,466</u> <u>13,465,291</u>
Expenses
General government 521,528 - 532,828 381,597
Public safety 1,025,143 - 1,025,143 938,721
Public works 1,406,294 - 1,406,294 1,345,799
Parks and recreation 684,160 - 684,160 567,744
Economic development 16,545 - 16,545 647
Library 112,842 - 112,842 106,004
Small equipment 100,846 - 89,546 293,369
Water - 1,740,444 1,740,444 1,410,395
Sewer - 921,298 921,298 814,501
Storm drainage         -         438,918         438,918         108,578
<u>Total expenses</u> <u>3,867,358</u> <u>3,100,660</u> <u>6,968,018</u> <u>5,967,355</u>
Change in net position 465,539 3,262,909 3,728,448 7,497,936
Net position at beginning of year <u>18,673,906</u> <u>31,707,199</u> <u>50,381,105</u> <u>42,883,170</u>
Net position at end of year <u>\$ 19,139,445</u> <u>\$ 34,970,108</u> <u>\$ 54,109,553</u> <u>\$ 50,381,105</u>

A portion of the "Net position at end of year" net position shown in the above Condensed Statement of Activities is restricted for specific purposes. The restrictions represent legal or contractual limitations on how the assets may be expensed. Within the governmental activities category restrictions are placed for streets and park improvements, TABOR emergency reserve and other purposes. The business-type activities restrictions were related to the operation and maintenance reserve required by the loan agreements.

Expenditures for the *governmental activities* displayed in the previous table for 2014 are shown in graphical form below. For comparative purposes, these figures in 2013 were as follows: General Government: \$381,597; Public Safety: \$938,721; Public Works: \$1,345,799; Parks & Rec: \$567,744; Economic Development: \$647; Library: \$106,004; Small Equipment: \$293,369. As can be seen all categories of governmental activities, with the exception of "Small Equipment", have increased above year ago levels. As the Town continues to grow, increasing costs in these activities will likely trend higher.

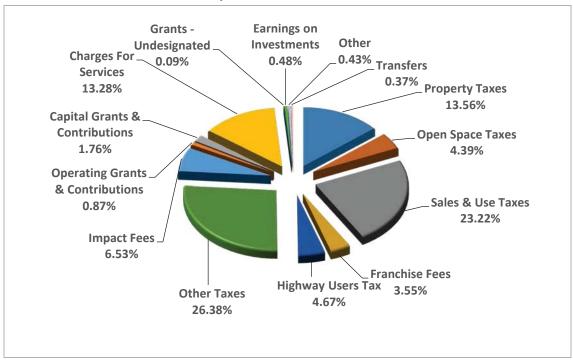
### \$1,600,000 \$1,400,000 \$1,200,000 \$1,000,000 \$800,000 \$600,000 \$400,000 \$200,000 \$0 General **Public Public** Parks & Economi Small Library Gov. Safety Works Rec. c Dev. Equip. ■ Expenditures \$521,528 \$1,025,14 \$1,406,29 \$684,160 \$16,545 \$112,842 \$100,846

# PROGRAM EXPENSES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The following chart displays revenues categorized by source for the governmental activities. The source of revenue entitled "Other Taxes" is the largest component of governmental fund revenue and consists of the following:

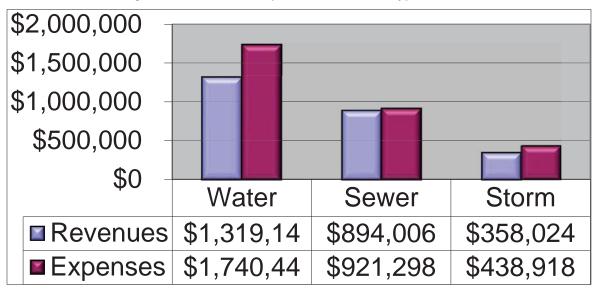
Severance Taxes (\$54,126), Motor Vehicle Use Tax (\$493,067), Sales Tax received by governmental funds *other* than the General Fund (\$286,944), Use Tax on Building Materials received by governmental funds *other* than the General Fund (\$214,682), Motor Vehicle Specific Ownership Tax (\$51,136), Motor Vehicle Registration Tax (\$22,679), Road & Bridge Tax (\$12,826), Trail Impact Fee (\$6,300), and Interest on Delinquent (property) Taxes (\$1,385). The "Other Taxes" total is \$1,143,145.

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



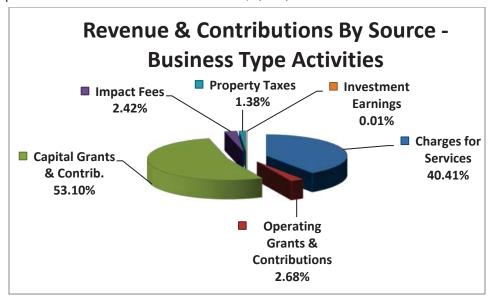
The following chart displays revenues and expenses of the business-type activities:

Program Revenues & Expenses - Business-type Activities



Operating and interest expenses exceed operating revenues in all but the Storm Drainage Fund. Mitigating is the issue of depreciation. Included in the above shown "Expenses" is depreciation. While depreciation is or can be a critical concept, in essence being the attempt to quantify the deterioration of fixed assets, it is an estimate and more importantly, a *non-cash* applied expenditure. There was no actual cash expenditure involved in "depreciation expense". There was \$541,389, \$307,790 and \$27,618 in depreciation in the Water, Sewer and Storm Drainage Funds respectively. In the absence of depreciation, all enterprise funds would show revenues exceeding expenditures.

The following chart presents the revenues and contributions by source for the business-type activities (enterprise funds). The largest source of revenue is entitled "Capital Grants & Contributions" (53.10%). This category consists of Water Fund "Uniform Capital Investment Fees" in the amount of \$1,968,574 and Sewer Fund "Tap Fees" of \$1,410,000. The total amount of Capital Grants & Contributions in 2014 was \$3,378,574.



### Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

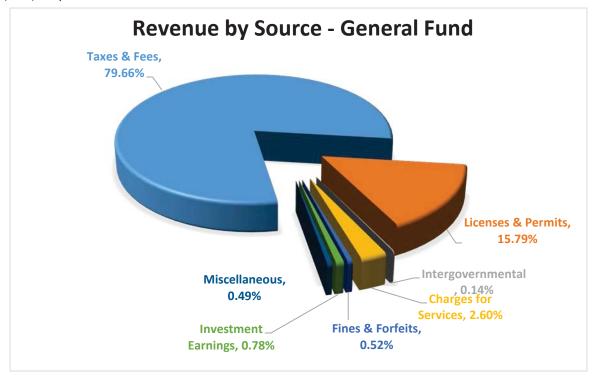
As noted earlier, the Town of Wellington uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town of Wellington's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Wellington's financing requirements. In particular, Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Wellington's governmental funds (General, Street, Park and Conservation Trust Funds) reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,230,049. Approximately 35.4% of this total amount (\$2,559,488) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is otherwise classified to indicate that it is not available for new spending because the asset itself is in a nonspendable form (i.e., prepaid items and inventory) or that portions of fund balance have been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes and thus preexistent constraints as follows:

Nonspendable:	\$6,598
Restricted:	\$558,616
Committed:	\$44,937
Assigned:	4,060,410
Unassigned:	\$2,559,488
TOTAL ·	\$7 230 049

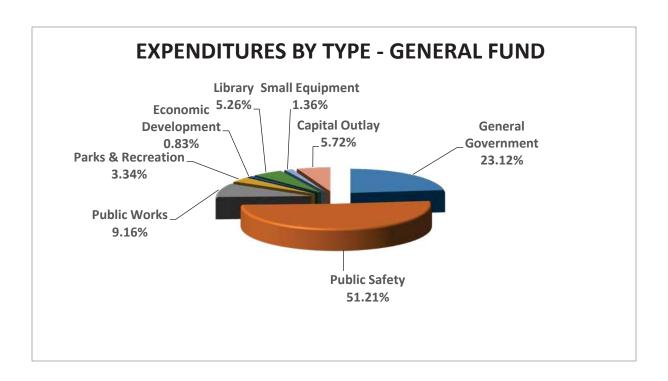
### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund accounts for all of the general services provided by the Town of Wellington. At the end of 2014, the fund balance of the General Fund totaled \$2,923,805, an increase of \$714,559 over the fund balance at the end of 2013 (\$2,209,246).



The General Fund's primary source of revenue is taxes and to a lesser degree, fees. The General Fund receives nearly all of the property taxes, and the majority of the sales and use taxes.

General Fund expenditures include all administrative functions of the Town (i.e. Town Council, Municipal Court, Town Administrator, Finance Director, Town Attorney, and all other admin. support staff) however, the primary *General Fund* expenditure is Public Safety (51.21%). "Public Safety" includes amounts paid to Larimer County Sheriff's Office (\$652,504), amounts paid to SafeBuilt for building inspections (\$314,708) and amounts expended for the Town's Code Enforcement program (\$57,931). The total of all Public Safety was \$1,025,143 in 2014. General Fund expenditures by type are presented below in graphical form.



The Town Board amended the 2014 General Fund budget and the Library Trust Fund budget. The original General Fund and Library Trust Fund budgeted expenditures were \$1,680,011 and \$5,275, respectively. The primary reason for over expenditure in these two funds related directly to the continued elevated level of new home building activity. While revenues were up dramatically in both funds, the expenditures in the case of the General Fund and transfers in the case of the Library Trust Fund were elevated, due to building permit activity causing the original expenditure budgets in these funds to be exceeded. Specifically, in the General Fund, expenditures in the form of payments to SafeBuilt for building inspection charges were elevated to the point of exceeding the original budget by approximately \$72,327. In the Library Trust Fund, the receipts of Library Impact Fees obtained from new home building permits were likewise elevated to a significant degree. The Library Trust Fund transfers back to the General Fund thirty four percent (34%) of the receipts from Library Impact Fees. Due to the high level of Library Impact Fees received in 2014, the 34% transfer caused an over expenditure of \$12,298.

Other factors were integrated into the budget amendments in these two funds resulting in budgeted <u>expenditures</u>, *as amended* in the General Fund being increased by \$302,671 from \$1,680,011 to \$1,982,682. The Library Trust Fund <u>expenditures</u>, *as amended* were increased by \$12,325 from \$5,275 to \$17,600. Budgeted <u>revenues</u>, *as amended* were increased by \$308,291 from \$1,772,335 to \$2,080,626 in the General Fund. Budgeted <u>revenues</u>, *as amended* were increased by \$16,750 from \$15,175 to \$31,925 in the Library Trust Fund.

For the General Fund, the budgeted revenues and transfers-in, as amended were \$2,080,626, compared to the actual amount of \$2,700,353. Actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$619,727.

*Proprietary Funds.* The Town of Wellington's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The *unrestricted* net position of the Water, Sewer, and Storm Drainage Funds (enterprise funds) at the end of the year were \$8,180,478, \$2,901,083 and \$476,627 respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these three funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Wellington's business-type activities.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The Town of Wellington's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2014, amounts to \$33,833,094 (net of accumulated depreciation and debt). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. At December 31, 2013, this figure was \$34,620,277. Net investment in capital assets decreased 2.9 percent from 2013 to 2014. While the Town is once again adding capital assets, and dramatically so in 2014 (Wellington Community Park and the Waste Water Treatment Plan Expansion), there was significant debt incurred for these capital projects (\$4.9 million). While these projects are under construction, as they were in 2014, the resulting capital asset is only partially incorporated while the debt against it is fully manifested which is the primary factor in the decrease.

The major capital asset expenditures occurring in 2014 were concentrated in two funds, the Park Fund and the Sewer Fund. In the Park Fund, the largest expenditure was incurred in the ongoing construction of the Wellington Community Park ("WCP"). The total cost of the WCP is projected to be in the neighborhood of approximately \$4.8 million. A major expansion of the Waste Water Treatment Plant (Sewer Fund) is projected in the area of approximately \$5 Million. The construction of both projects was initiated in 2014.

Town of Wellington's Capital Assets at Year End (net of depreciation)

	Governme	Governmental Busines		Business-Type			
	Activities	S	Activitie	es	TOTA	L	
	2014	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	
Land:	232,796	232,796	119,233	119,233	352,029	352,029	
Water Rights:	160,380	160,380	-	-	160,380	160,380	
Water Delivery Rights:	0	0	279,536	279,536	279,536	279,536	
Buildings & Improvements:	340,577	369,776	-	-	340,577	369,776	
Improvements Other Than Buildings:	4,182,991	4,341,540	-	-	4,182,991	4,341,540	
Streets & Improvements	8,140,417	8,286,033	-	-	8,140,417	8,286,033	
Machinery & Equipment:	230,784	214,618	-	-	230,784	214,618	
Utility Systems & Equip.	-	-	24,380,891	24,937,180	24,380,891	24,937,180	
Construction in Progress:	1,085,329	<u>312,051</u>	1,423,435	178,934	2,508,764	490,985	
TOTAL	14,373,274	13,917,194	26,203,095	<u>25,514,883</u>	40,576,369	39,432,076	

Additional information on the Town of Wellington's capital assets can be found in footnote 5 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of 2014, the Town of Wellington had total debt outstanding of \$5,842,211. Of this amount, \$209,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. The remainder of the Town of Wellington's debt represents bonds and loans secured solely by specified revenue sources (Water & Sewer Fund revenues – i.e., charges for services).

Town of Wellington's Outstanding Debt at Year End

	Governmental		Business-T	уре		
	Activities		Activities	S	TO	ΓAL
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	2013	<u>2014</u>	2013
FNB WCP Loan (Park Fund):	\$2,400,000	-	-	-	\$2,400,000	-
1984 General Obligation Bonds (Water Fund):	-	-	\$209,000	\$227,000	\$209,000	\$227,000
1982 CWCB General Obligation Bonds (Water Fund):	-	-	\$428,231	\$467,140	\$428,231	\$467,140
2001 CWR&PDA Loan (Sewer Fund):	-	-	\$472,177	\$525,189	\$472,177	\$525,189
2002 CWR&PDA Loan (Water Fund):	-	-	\$2,296,682	\$2,540,433	\$2,296,682	\$2,540,433
2014 Bond Issue - WWTP Expansion (Sewer Fund):	-	-	\$2,500,000	-	\$2,500,000	-
TOTAL	\$2,400,000	\$0	\$5,906,090	\$3,759,762	\$8,306,090	\$3,759,762

This debt payable does not include compensated absences of \$63,878 at the end of 2014.

Additional information on the Town of Wellington's long-term debt can be found in footnote 6, on pages 40-41 of this report.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Annual Budget assures the efficient, effective and economic uses of Town's resources, as well as, establishing that highest priority objectives are accomplished. Through the budget, the Town Council sets the direction of the Town, allocates its resources and establishes priorities.

The Town Council approved the 2015 Budget on December 10, 2014, appropriating \$23,966,424 for expenditures. The 2015 appropriation reflects a 2.7% increase from the 2014 Budget. This budget was subsequently amended appropriating \$24,281,415 (increase of \$314,991 – approximately 4% increase from the 2014 budget).

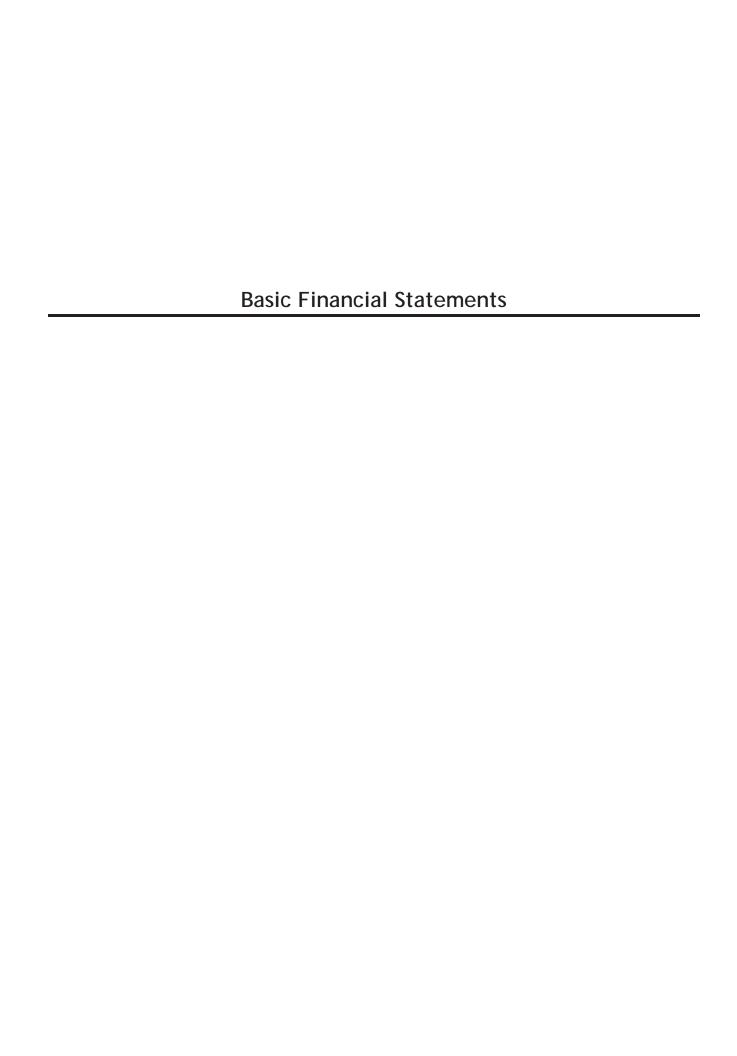
The Town noted continued impressive numbers of new home building permits in 2014 following a strong year in 2013. New home building permits were at or near their highest levels since 2007. This trend is expected to continue into 2015. These sentiments were incorporated into the 2015 budget. With this improved set of short to medium term prospects for economic growth, additional staff FTE's were added in 2014. The administrative staff FTE's, until 2014, were virtually unchanged from as long as five to seven years ago. The potential for growth experienced over the period encompassing the late 1990's and ending in about 2007 may remain unrivaled, optimism is definitely in order for the near term as building activity has unquestionably strengthened and become more aggressive.

The primary issues the Town will need to deal with in 2015 and beyond include challenges associated with the increasing desires noted in the community for parks and recreational facilities. The issue of paying for such facilities required debt financing which the constituency authorized via a ballot question posed on April 1, 2014. In this election, the community voted to approve the Town's incurring \$2.4 Million in debt to finance the construction of the Wellington Community Park located adjacent to the Buffalo Creek subdivision. Additionally, there was \$2.5 Million in bond debt incurred in 2014 for the expansion of the Town's Waste Water Treatment Plant. It will remain critically important to carefully weigh capital expenditures, as well as personnel related expenditures.

An important issue in the 2015 time frame and beyond involves the acquisition of a significantly larger Town Hall facility(s). The situation involves crowding at the current Town Hall facility exacerbated by the need for increasing staff levels due to growth and the expansion of facilities such as parks, streets, and water & waste water treatment operations. This situation was somewhat mitigated in 2015 with the rental of a facility on Cleveland Avenue for the Larimer County Sheriff's Office, which opened an office at the Town Hall facility.

# Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Wellington's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Town of Wellington Finance Director, PO Box 127, 3735 Cleveland Ave., Wellington, Colorado 80549.



# Town of Wellington Statement of Net Position

# December 31, 2014

	Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,885,428	\$ 11,589,823	\$ 16,475,251
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	99,687	695,558	795,245
Certificates of deposit	511,171	-	511,171
Receivables	3,171,367	586,430	3,757,797
Inventory Proposid items	6,534 64	39,069 125	45,603 189
Prepaid items Restricted cash and cash equivalents	04	3,112,417	3,112,417
Capital assets:	-	3,112,417	3,112,417
Nondepreciable	1,478,505	1,822,204	3,300,709
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	12,894,769	24,380,891	37,275,660
Total assets	23,047,525	42,226,517	65,274,042
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	662,528	1,083,277	1,745,805
Accrued interest payable	-	40,917	40,917
Accrued wages payable	8,878	6,287	15,165
Developer deposit	132,689	-	132,689
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Accrued compensated absences	63,878	-	63,878
Due within one year	-	474,203	474,203
Due in more than one year	2,400,000	5,429,389	7,829,389
Payable to developer	-	134,456	134,456
Total liabilities	3,267,973	7,168,529	10,436,502
Deferred inflows of resources			
Unearned revenue - property taxes	640,107	87,880	727,987
Total deferred inflows of resources	640,107	87,880	727,987
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	14,320,774	20,299,503	34,620,277
Restricted for:			
Emergencies	126,081	-	126,081
Other purposes	2,780,035	3,112,417	5,892,452
Unrestricted	1,912,555	11,558,188	13,470,743
Total net position	\$ 19,139,445	\$ 34,970,108	\$ 54,109,553

# Town of Wellington Statement of Activities

# Year Ended December 31, 2014

		Program Revenues					
				Operating		Capital	
		С	harges for	Gr	ants and	Grants and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Con	tributions	Со	ntributions
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 521,528	\$	70,262	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety	1,025,143		426,408		-		-
Public works	1,406,294		14,141		-		50,703
Parks and recreation	684,160		64,471		37,845		25,750
Economic development	16,545		-		-		-
Library	112,842		-		-		-
Small equipment	100,846		-		-		_
Total governmental activities	3,867,358		575,282		37,845		76,453
Business-type activities:							
Water	1,740,444		1,319,143		-		1,968,574
Sewer	921,298		894,006		170,658		1,410,000
Storm drainage	438,918		358,024		-		_
Total business-type activities	3,100,660		2,571,173		170,658		3,378,574
Total primary government	\$ 6,968,018	\$	3,146,455	\$	208,503	\$	3,455,027

# General revenues

Taxes:

Property taxes levied for general purposes

Property taxes levied for debt service

Open space tax

Sales and use tax

Franchise fees

Highway users tax

Other taxes

Impact fees

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Earnings on investments

Other revenues

Subtotal of general revenues, before transfers

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Changes in net position

Net position at beginning of year

Net position at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Activities	Total
\$ (451,266)	\$ -	\$ (451,266)
(598,735)	-	(598,735)
(1,341,450)	-	(1,341,450)
(556,094)	-	(556,094)
(16,545)	-	(16,545)
(112,842)	-	(112,842)
(100,846)	-	(100,846)
(3,177,778)	-	(3,177,778)
		_
-	1,547,273	1,547,273
-	1,553,366	1,553,366
	(80,894)	(80,894)
-	3,019,745	3,019,745
(3,177,778)	3,019,745	(158,033)
605,939	-	605,939
-	87,803	87,803
190,385	-	190,385
1,006,178	-	1,006,178
153,725	-	153,725
202,131	-	202,131
1,143,145	-	1,143,145
282,722	153,943	436,665
3,803	-	3,803
20,751	737	21,488
18,643	681	19,324
3,627,422	243,164	3,870,586
15,895	-	15,895
3,643,317	243,164	3,886,481
465,539	3,262,909	3,728,448
18,673,906	31,707,199	50,381,105
\$ 19,139,445	\$ 34,970,108	\$ 54,109,553

# Town of Wellington Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

December 31, 2014

	General		Street	Park	nservation Trust lonmajor)	Total overnmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash and	\$ 2,734,299	\$	505,895	\$ 1,159,787	\$ 432,535	\$ 4,832,516
cash equivalents	-		99,687	_	-	99,687
Cash with fiscal agent	30,817		6,687	15,408	-	52,912
Certificates of deposit	511,171		-	_	-	511,171
Receivables	729,871		15,251	2,426,245	-	3,171,367
Inventory	-		-	6,534	-	6,534
Prepaid items	30		23	11	-	64
Totals assets	\$ 4,006,188	\$	627,543	\$ 3,607,985	\$ 432,535	\$ 8,674,251
Liabilities, deferred inflows of re Liabilities		nd l				
Accounts payable	\$ 304,966	\$	43,934	\$ 313,628	\$ -	\$ 662,528
Accrued wages payable	4,621		1,349	2,908	-	8,878
Developer deposit	132,689		-	-	-	132,689
Total liabilities	442,276		45,283	316,536	-	804,095
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unearned revenue - property						
taxes	640,107		-	-	-	640,107
Total deferred inflows of						
resources	640,107		-	-	-	640,107
Fund balances						
Nonspendable	30		23	6,545	-	6,598
Restricted	126,081		-	2,347,500	432,535	2,906,116
Committed	44,937		-	-	-	44,937
Assigned	193,269		582,237	937,404	-	1,712,910
Unassigned	2,559,488		-	-	-	2,559,488
Total fund balances	2,923,805		582,260	3,291,449	432,535	7,230,049
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 4,006,188	\$	627,543	\$ 3,607,985	\$ 432,535	\$ 8,674,251

# **Town of Wellington**

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet with the Government-wide Statement of Net Position December 31, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds

\$ 7,230,049

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental fund financial statements.

Capital assets
Accumulated depreciation

\$ 25,997,977 (11,624,703)

14,373,274

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable from current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. Long-term liabilities at year end consisted of a loan payable.

(2,400,000)

Accrued compensated absences are not due and payable from current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements.

(63,878)

Total net position - governmental activities

\$ 19,139,445

# Town of Wellington Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

# Year Ended December 31, 2014

				Conservation	Total
					Governmental
	General	Street	Park	(Nonmajor)	Funds
Revenues					
Taxes and fees	\$2,150,064	\$ 392,094	\$1,042,067	\$ -	\$3,584,225
Licenses and permits	426,255	153	-	-	426,408
Intergovernmental	3,803	-	-	63,595	67,398
Charges for services	70,262	-	64,471	-	134,733
Fines and forfeitures	14,141	-	-	-	14,141
Earnings on investments	20,212	70	270	199	20,751
Contributions and grants	-	24,953	25,750	-	50,703
Miscellaneous	15,616	1,383	1,644	-	18,643
Total revenues	2,700,353	418,653	1,134,202	63,794	4,317,002
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	462,878	_	-	-	462,878
Public safety	1,025,143	-	-	-	1,025,143
Public works	183,257	504,870	-	-	688,127
Parks and recreation	66,810	-	545,857	-	612,667
Economic development	16,545	-	-	-	16,545
Library	105,258	-	-	-	105,258
Small equipment	27,203	62,343	11,300	-	100,846
Capital outlay	114,595	457,795	731,033	-	1,303,423
Total expenditures	2,001,689	1,025,008	1,288,190	-	4,314,887
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	698,664	(606,355)	(153,988)	63,794	2,115
Other financing sources					
Loan proceeds	-	-	2,400,000	-	2,400,000
Transfers in	15,895	-	-	-	15,895
Total other financing sources	15,895	-	2,400,000	-	2,415,895
Net change in fund balances	714,559	(606,355)	2,246,012	63,794	2,418,010
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,209,246	1,188,615	1,045,437	368,741	4,812,039
Fund balances at end of year	\$2,923,805	\$ 582,260	\$3,291,449	\$ 432,535	\$7,230,049

# Town of Wellington

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances with the Government-wide Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Total net change in fund balance - governmental funds.

\$2,418,010

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense during the year.

Capital outlay	\$1,303,423	
Depreciation expense	(847,343)	456,080

Loan proceeds are reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds, but the proceeds increase the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

(2,400,000)

Increase in accrued compensated absences liability is reflected as an expense on the statement of activities and not reflected as an expenditure on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

(8,551)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 465,539

# Town of Wellington Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

# December 31, 2014

						Storm		
		Water		Sewer		Drainage		Total
Assets								
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,642,909	\$	3,337,225	\$	609,689	\$	11,589,823
Equity in pooled cash and	•	.,,	•	2,221,==2	•	,	,	,,
cash equivalents		565,820		_		129,738		695,558
Receivables		214,124		310,220		62,086		586,430
Inventory		37,007		2,062		02,000		39,069
Prepaid items		91		34		_		125
Total current assets		8,459,951		3,649,541		801,513		12,911,005
Noncurrent assets		0,437,731		3,047,341		001,515		12,711,003
		207 14/		2 025 271				2 112 417
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		287,146		2,825,271		-		3,112,417
Capital assets:		27 120		02 102				110 000
Land Water rights		36,130 279,536		83,103		-		119,233 279,536
Water rights		6,294		1 407 020		0 221		1,423,435
Construction in progress		19,704,672		1,407,920 12,926,560		9,221		33,450,686
Utilities systems		403,974		469,661		819,454		
Equipment				· ·		2,550 (54,114)		876,185
Less accumulated depreciation		(6,421,819) 14,008,787		(3,470,047)		(54,114)		(9,945,980)
Total capital assets - net Total noncurrent assets		14,008,787		14,242,468		777,111 777,111		26,203,095 29,315,512
Total assets		22,755,884		17,892,009		1,578,624		42,226,517
Liabilities								
Current liabilities		:0.700				224 054		
Accounts payable		48,799		710,124		324,354		1,083,277
Accrued interest payable		5,447		35,470		-		40,917
Accrued wages payable		2,891		2,864		532		6,287
Current portion of long-term debt		114,619		359,584		- 224.007		474,203
Total current liabilities		171,756		1,108,042		324,886		1,604,684
Noncurrent liabilities								
Payable to developer		134,456		-		-		134,456
Long-term debt		992,291		4,437,098		-		5,429,389
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,126,747		4,437,098		-		5,563,845
Total liabilities		1,298,503		5,545,140		324,886		7,168,529
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unearned revenue - property taxes		87,880						87,880
Total deferred inflows of resources		87,880		-		-		87,880
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets		12,901,877		6,620,515		777,111		20,299,503
Restricted for rate stabilization		-		350,000		-		350,000
Restricted for maintenance		287,146		2,475,271		-		2,762,417
Unrestricted		8,180,478		2,901,083		476,627		11,558,188
Total net position	\$	21,369,501	\$	12,346,869	\$	1,253,738	\$	34,970,108
		, ,		, ,		,,		

# Town of Wellington Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

# Year Ended December 31, 2014

				Storm	
	V	Vater	Sewer	Drainage	Totals
Operating revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 1	,312,351	\$ 894,006	\$ 358,024	\$ 2,564,381
Miscellaneous		6,792	-	-	6,792
Total operating revenues	1	,319,143	894,006	358,024	2,571,173
Operating expenses					
Administrative		170,935	182,745	355,134	708,814
Operating		956,879	345,820	43,760	1,346,459
Small equipment		20,765	7,925	12,406	41,096
Depreciation		541,389	307,790	27,618	876,797
Total operating expenses	1	,689,968	844,280	438,918	2,973,166
Operating income (loss)		(370,825)	49,726	(80,894)	(401,993)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Property taxes and impact fees		87,803	-	153,943	241,746
Earnings on investments		316	408	13	737
Intergovernmental revenue		-	170,658	-	170,658
Interest expense		(50,476)	(77,018)	-	(127,494)
Other non-operating revenue		-	506	175	681
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		37,643	94,554	154,131	286,328
Income (loss) before contributions		(333,182)	144,280	73,237	(115,665)
Capital contributions	1	,968,574	1,410,000	-	3,378,574
Changes in net position	1	,635,392	1,554,280	73,237	3,262,909
Net position at beginning of year	19	,734,109	10,792,589	1,180,501	31,707,199
Net position at end of year	\$ 21	,369,501	\$ 12,346,869	\$ 1,253,738	\$ 34,970,108

# Town of Wellington Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

# Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Water	Sewer	Storm Drainage	Total
Cash flows from operating activities	Water	JCVVCI	Dramage	Total
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,300,864	\$ 703,876	\$ 354,020	\$ 2,358,760
Cash payments to suppliers	(1,024,106)	(324,933)		(1,722,480)
Cash payments to employees	(258,802)	(206,843)	(42,138)	(507,783)
Net cash flows from operating activities	17,956	172,100	(61,559)	128,497
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities				
Property taxes	87,880	-	-	87,880
Impact fees	-		153,943	153,943
Intergovernmental revenues	-	170,658	-	170,658
Other non-operating revenue	(20, 024)	506	175	681
Change in interfund balances due  Net cash flows from non-capital financing activities	(20,024) 67,856	171,164	154,118	(20,024) 393,138
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		171,101	101,110	070,100
Capital contributions		1,410,000		2 270 574
Acquisitions of capital assets	1,968,574 (112,150)	(832,168)	(8,090)	3,378,574 (952,408)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	(112,130)	2,500,000	(0,070)	2,500,000
Principal paid on long-term debt	(109,921)	(243,752)	_	(353,673)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(50,523)	(85,053)	-	(135,576)
Net cash flows from capital and related	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
financing activities	1,695,980	2,749,027	(8,090)	4,436,917
Cash flows from investing activities				
Earnings on investments	316	408	13	737
Change in restricted cash and cash equivalents	(44,300)	(2,351,684)	-	(2,395,984)
Net cash flows from investing activities	(43,984)	(2,351,276)	13	(2,395,247)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,737,808	741,015	84,482	2,563,305
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6,470,921	2,596,210	654,945	9,722,076
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 8,208,729	\$ 3,337,225	\$ 739,427	\$ 12,285,381
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash	h flows from op	erating activi	ties	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (370,825)	•	\$ (80,894)	\$ (401,993)
Adjustments to reconcile operating				
income (loss) to net cash flows from				
operating activities:				
Depreciation	541,389	307,790	27,618	876,797
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:	211,001	201,112	,	212/111
Receivables	(18,279)	(190,130)	(4,004)	(212,413)
Inventory	3,472	(1,121)	• •	2,351
Prepaid items	873	35	-	908
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:				
Accounts payable	(130,192)	12,222	(2,810)	(120,780)
Accrued wages payable	(8,482)	(6,422)	(1,469)	(16,373)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 17,956	\$ 172,100	\$ (61,559)	
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:				
Capital asset purchases in accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 612,601	\$ -	\$ 612,601
Capital asset purchases in accounts payable  The accompanying				

# Town of Wellington Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund

# December 31, 2014

	Lib	orary Trust
Assets		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	214,065
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents, restricted		14,798
Total assets		228,863
Net position	\$	228,863

# Town of Wellington Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund

# Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Libra	ary Trust
Additions		
Library impact fees	\$	46,750
Total additions		46,750
Deductions		
Library expenditures		1,678
Transfer out		15,895
Total deductions		17,573
Change in net position		29,177
Net position at beginning of year		199,686
Net position at end of year	\$	228,863

# December 31, 2014

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# Form of Organization

The Town of Wellington, Colorado (the "Town") was founded on November 10, 1905 as a statutory town. The Town's major operations include general government; public safety; public works; parks and recreation; economic development; and the library.

The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

# Reporting Entity

As defined by GAAP established by the GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as component units, which are legally separate organizations for which elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- 1) Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's governing board, and either, a) the ability to impose its will by the primary government, or b) there is a potential for the component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government; or
- 2) Fiscal dependency on the primary government and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has (1) a separately elected governing board, (2) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government or (3) a jointly appointed board.

Based on the above criteria, there are no other organizations that would be considered component units of the Town.

### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on user charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to those who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The fund financial statements report detailed information about the Town. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

# December 31, 2014

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus, whereby only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources generally are included in the balance sheet, and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances present increases and decreases in those components. These funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recognized when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental grants, and earnings on investments associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual, and so, have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

Because governmental fund statements are presented using a measurement focus and basis of accounting different from that used in the government-wide statements, reconciliations are presented that briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile to ending net position and the change in net position.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, ("GASB No. 33") the corresponding assets (receivables) in non-exchange transactions are recognized in the period in which the underlying exchange occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, when all eligibility requirements have been met, or when resources are received, depending on the revenue source. Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied in December, payable in the following year in full by April 30, or in two equal installments due on the last day of February and June 15.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities. The following are the Town's major governmental funds:

*General Fund* - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

*Street Fund* - The Street Fund, a special revenue fund, is considered a major fund of the Town and is used to account for the collection and disbursement of specific revenue sources for the maintenance of the Town's streets and alleys.

*Park Fund* - The Park Fund, a special revenue fund, is considered a major fund of the Town and is used to account for the collection and disbursement of specific revenue sources for the maintenance of the Town's parks and open space.

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The other governmental fund (nonmajor fund) is a special revenue fund (Conservation Trust) and has been established to account for revenues derived from specific earmarked revenue sources which finance specific activities as required by law or administrative action.

Proprietary funds, which include enterprise funds, are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. Revenues and expenses are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned or incurred, and they become measurable. Net position is segregated into amounts invested in capital assets, restricted for debt service and rate stabilization loan reserves, and unrestricted. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position. Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The Town's major enterprise funds include the Water, Sewer, and Storm Drainage funds.

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Town under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the Town's own programs. The Town has one private-purpose trust fund, the Library Trust Fund, which accounts for library impact fees and grants and disburses funds for the benefit of the Town's library. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

# **Budgets**

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- By October 15, the Town Administrator submits to the Town Board of Trustees, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year beginning the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- Any budget revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Trustees through passage of a formal resolution.
- The Town legally adopts budgets for all of the funds. Budgets for the general, special revenue and fiduciary funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgetary comparisons for the enterprise funds are presented on a non-GAAP budgetary basis, where payments for capital assets and principal amounts of debt are treated as expenditures, bond proceeds are treated as revenues, and depreciation is not budgeted.
- Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as originally adopted or as amended by the Town Board of Trustees. All appropriations lapse at year end.

# December 31, 2014

The following table summarizes the individual fund budgeted expenditures, as originally adopted, and as revised:

	Original	Tota	Revisions	F	inal Budget
Governmental funds:					
General fund	\$ 1,688,011	\$	302,671	\$	1,990,682
Special revenue funds:					
Street fund	3,409,792		-		3,409,792
Park fund	6,709,570		-		6,709,570
Conservation trust fund	-		-		-
Business type funds:					
Water fund	5,477,788		-		5,477,788
Sewer fund	5,914,559		-		5,914,559
Storm drainage fund	761,429		-		761,429
Fiduciary fund type:					
Library trust fund	5,275		12,325		17,600
Total funds	\$ 23,966,424	\$	314,996	\$	24,281,420

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the Town is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Town's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements. The Town considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, including deposits in a pooled investment fund, to be cash equivalents. Overdrawn balances in pooled cash accounts are treated by the Town as interfund liabilities, payable to the fund deemed to have made the loan.

## Restricted Cash

The amounts restricted in the Water and Sewer funds are in compliance with the operation and maintenance reserve and rate stabilization requirements of the loans from the Colorado Water Resource and Power Development Authority.

# Certificates of Deposit

Certificates of deposit are carried at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value.

# Revenue Recognition/Property Taxes

Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied in December, payable in the following year in full by April 30, or in two equal installments due on the last day of February and June 15. The county treasurer bills and collects property taxes for all taxing entities within the county. Property tax receipts collected by the county treasurer each month are remitted to the Town by the tenth day of the subsequent month. Property tax revenues are recognized in the government-wide financial statements in the year that the property taxes are used to fund the operations of the Town.

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In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recognized in the year for which levied provided they become available and measurable. Utility service revenue is recognized when the service is provided.

## Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables, if any, are classified as internal balances on the government-wide statement of net position and classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories, consisting primarily of chemicals used in the treatment process of the Water and Sewer funds, have been valued at cost on a first-in first-out basis. The consumption method is used to account for inventories. Inventory costs are recorded as expenditures or expenses when individual inventory items are consumed.

#### Bond Premium and Debt Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method as principal is paid. Debt issuance costs are recognized during the period of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums during the period of issuance. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums on the debt issuance are reported as other finance sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e., streets and roads, bridges, water lines, storm-water drainage, traffic signals, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. Depreciation expense is reflected as an operating expense in the government-wide statement of activities. Estimated useful lives for asset types are as follows:

# December 31, 2014

Description	Governmental	Business-Type
Land and water rights	N/A	N/A
Buildings and improvements	10-40 years	N/A
Improvements other than buildings	5-50 years	N/A
Streets and improvements	20-40 years	N/A
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years	5 years
Utilities systems	N/A	50 years

### Compensated Absences

The Town reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, ("GASB No. 16"). Personal leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services rendered and it is probable that the Town will compensate the employees for the benefits earned. Upon termination of employment from the Town, an employee will be compensated for all accrued vacation and compensatory time at their current rate of pay. There is no payment for sick leave upon termination.

Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation pay that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported on the government-wide financial statements. The Town has recorded a liability of \$63,878 at December 31, 2014.

On the governmental fund financial statements, where applicable, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using current available resources. At December 31, 2014, there is no accrual in the fund financial statements.

# Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments and the noncurrent portion of long-term liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within 60 days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Capital lease obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

## Fund Balance and Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

*Net Investment in Capital Assets* - This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

**Restricted Net Position** - This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### December 31, 2014

*Unrestricted Net Position* - This category represents the net position, which is not restricted for any project or other purpose. A deficit will require future funding.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

*Nonspendable* - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Trustees (the "Board"). The Board is the highest level of decision making authority for the Town. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The Board has the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes.

*Unassigned* - all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the Town considers restricted resources to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

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As of December 31, 2014, fund balances are composed of the following:

	Ger	neral Fund	St	Street Fund Park Fund		Conservation Trust Fund		Total Governmental	
Nonspendable:							 ust i diid		vormionitar
Prepaid items Inventory	\$	30	\$	23	\$	11 6,534	\$ -	\$	64 6,534
Restricted:									
Emergencies		126,081		-		-	-		126,081
Parks and open space		-		-		-	432,535		432,535
Capital projects		-		-		2,347,500	-		2,347,500
Committed:									
Cemetery operations		44,937		-		-	-		44,937
Assigned:									
Capital projects		-		582,237		937,404	-		1,519,641
Subsequent year's									
expenditures		193,269		-		-	-		193,269
Unassigned		2,559,488		-		-	-		2,559,488
Total fund balances	\$ 2	2,923,805	\$	582,260	\$	3,291,449	\$ 432,535	\$	7,230,049

#### Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

#### **Estimates**

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. Cash and Investments

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Colorado state statutes govern the entity's deposits of cash. For deposits in excess of federally insured limits, Colorado Revised Statutes require the depository institution to maintain collateral on deposit with an official custodian (as authorized by the State Banking Board). The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA") requires state regulators to certify eligible depositories for public deposit. PDPA requires the eligible depositories with public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") to create a single institutional collateral pool of obligations of the State of Colorado or

#### December 31, 2014

local Colorado governments and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the State. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the assets in the pool must be at least 102% of the uninsured deposits. At December 31, 2014, the District had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount (book balance) of \$4,991,207. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$5,170,126, which of this amount, \$1,750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, with the excess in 2014 covered by PDPA.

#### Investments

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which the Town may invest, which include:

- Certificates of deposit with an original maturity in excess of three months
- Certain obligations of the United States and U.S. Government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Banker's acceptance of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

The Town's policy is to hold investments until maturity.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a counter party, the Town would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2014, the Town had no investments exposed to custodial credit risk outside of its investment in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (the "Trust"), discussed below.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Colorado Revised Statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less from the date of purchase. This limit on investment maturities is a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Local Government Investment Pools

At December 31, 2014, the Town had invested \$15,567,357 in the Trust, a local government investment pool. As an investment pool, the Trust operates under the Colorado Revised Statutes (24-75-701) and is overseen by the Colorado Securities Commissioner. The Trust is exempt from registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios are rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and may invest in U.S. Treasury Securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury Securities, and the highest rated commercial paper. Wells Fargo Bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments owned by the Trust. Separate financial statements can be obtained by calling (303) 864-7474 or going to www.colotrust.com.

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At December 31, 2014, the Town had cash and cash equivalent balances, including restricted cash, as follows:

Cash on hand	\$ 300
Cash with county treasurer and clerk	52,912
Cash deposits	4,991,207
Local government investment pool	15,567,357
Total	\$ 20,611,776

Cash and cash equivalents, by statement, are as follows:

Statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,846,039
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	1,424,457
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	3,112,417
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	214,065
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents, restricted	14,798
Total	\$ 20,611,776

#### 3. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2014, consisted of the following:

	Go	vernmental	Bus	iness-Type	
Types		Activities	Α	ctivities	Total
Taxes	\$	632,607	\$	87,880	\$ 720,487
Trade accounts		-		327,892	327,892
Intergovernmental		132,576		-	132,576
Developers		370,376		-	370,376
Loan proceeds receivable		2,347,500		-	2,347,500
Other		(311,692)		170,658	(141,034)
Total	\$	3,171,367	\$	586,430	\$ 3,757,797

#### December 31, 2014

#### 4. Interfund Transfers

#### Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, or to use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

The only transfer made during the year was \$15,895 from the Library Trust Fund to the General Fund for the portion of impact fees which are allowed to be used for operating costs of the library that are paid by the General Fund.

#### 5. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2014, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance Additions		Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land and water rights  Construction in progress	\$ 393,176 312,051	\$ - 773,278	\$ - -	\$ 393,176 1,085,329
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	705,227	773,278	-	1,478,505
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	948,040	6,910	-	954,950
Improvements other than buildings	6,686,103	20,958	-	6,707,061
Streets and improvements	15,229,835	441,970	-	15,671,805
Machinery and equipment	1,125,349	60,307	-	1,185,656
Total capital assets, being depreciated	23,989,327	530,145	-	24,519,472
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(578,264)	(36,109)	-	(614,373)
Improvements other than buildings	(2,344,563)	(179,507)	-	(2,524,070)
Streets and improvements	(6,943,802)	(587,586)	-	(7,531,388)
Machinery and equipment	(910,731)	(44,141)	-	(954,872)
Total accumulated depreciated	(10,777,360)	(847,343)	-	(11,624,703)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	13,211,967	(317,198)	-	12,894,769
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 13,917,194	\$ 456,080	\$ -	\$ 14,373,274

#### December 31, 2014

Depreciation expense for governmental activities has been allocated to various activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 50,099
Public works	718,167
Parks and recreation	71,493
Library	7,584
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 847,343

A summary of changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2014, is as follows:

	Ве	eginning				Ending
	В	Balance	Δ	additions	Deletions	Balance
Business-type activities:						
Land and water rights	\$	398,769	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 398,769
Construction in progress		178,934		1,412,862	(168,361)	1,423,435
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		577,703		1,412,862	(168,361)	1,822,204
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Utilities systems	3	3,186,189		264,497	-	33,450,686
Equipment		820,174		56,011	-	876,185
Total capital assets, being depreciated	34	4,006,363		320,508	-	34,326,871
Less accumulated depreciation	(	9,069,183)		(876,797)	-	(9,945,980)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	2	4,937,179		(556,289)	-	24,380,890
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 2	5,514,882	\$	856,573	\$ (168,361)	\$ 26,203,095

Depreciation expense for business-type activities has been allocated to various activities as follows:

Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 541,389
Sewer	307,790
Storm drainage	27,618
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 876,797

#### December 31, 2014

#### 6. Long-Term Debt

#### Governmental Activities

In 2014, the Town borrowed \$2,400,000 from First National Bank, with monthly principal and interest payments beginning after a one year construction period, maturing in 2029. Interest is fixed at 2.31%, payable monthly during the one year construction period. The Park Fund is required to maintain a coverage amount of 120% of principal and interest. At December 31, 2014 the Town met the coverage amount. At December 31, 2014 the Town has a loan proceeds receivable in the amount of \$2,347,500 which is held in an escrow account with First National Bank and is to be drawn down as the park is constructed.

Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation pay that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported on the government-wide financial statements. The Town has recorded a liability of \$63,878 at December 31, 2014.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

In September 2014 the Town entered into a 20 year general obligation sewer bond in the amount of \$2,400,000, due in 2024. The special revenue bond has variable interest rate, not to exceed 4%, and escalating principal payments.

In 2002, the Town entered into a loan payabale with the Colorado Water Resource and Power Development Authority ("CWRPDA"), 20 year note requires varying semi-annual principal and interest payments at 3.71%, payments through August 1, 2022. The loan is a special revenue obligation of the Sewer Fund payable from sewer rates, fees, standby charges, and charges from the use and operation of the system and from such other funds legally available after the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the system.

In 2001, the Town entered into a loan payable with CWRPDA requiring semi-annual payments of \$36,747 principal and interest, at 4.0% through May 1, 2022. The loan is a special revenue obligation of the Water Fund payable from water rates, fees, standby charges, and charges from the use and operation of the system and from such other funds legally available after the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the system.

During 1984, the Town entered into a general obligation water bond in the amount of \$500,000. Bond is due in escalating installments and matures on December 1, 2023. Interest is fixed at 5%.

During 1982, the Town entered into a loan a greement with Colorado Water Conservation Board ("CWCB") requiring annual payments of \$57,593 principal and interest at 4.0% through December 1, 2023. Revenues of the Town are pledged in an amount sufficient to pay the annual amounts due under the loan contract.

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Following is a summary of the debt transactions for the year ended December 31, 2014:

	Beginning		5	Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities					
2014 First National Bank loan	\$ -	\$2,400,000	\$ -	\$ 2,400,000	\$ -
Accrued compensated absences	55,327	80,308	(71,757)	63,878	
	\$ 55,327	\$2,480,308	\$ (71,757)	\$ 2,463,878	\$ -
Business-Type Activities					
1984 general obligation water bond	\$ 227,000	\$ -	\$ (18,000)	\$ 209,000	\$ 19,000
1982 Colorado Water Conservation					
Board loan	467,140	-	(38,909)	428,231	40,465
2001 Colorado Water Resource and					
Power Development Authority loan	525,189	-	(53,012)	472,177	55,154
2002 Colorado Water Resource and					
Power Development Authority loan	2,540,433	-	(243,751)	2,296,682	254,584
2014 general obligation sewer bond	-	2,500,000	-	2,500,000	105,000
	\$3,759,762	\$2,500,000	\$(353,672)	5,906,090	\$474,203
Current portion of long-term debt				(474,203)	
Discount on long-term debt				(2,498)	_
Non-current portion of long-term liabili	ties			\$ 5,429,389	_

The following table represents future debt service requirements as of December 31, 2014:

	 Governmental Activities				ctivities				
Year	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2015	\$ -	\$	-	\$	474,203	\$	179,712		
2016	215,403		54,057		479,467		175,379		
2017	220,657		48,803		495,303		161,477		
2018	225,880		43,579		510,881		146,729		
2019	231,228		38,232		525,228		131,221		
2020 - 2024	1,240,755		106,275		1,996,008		477,359		
2025 - 2029	266,077		3,384		650,000		224,570		
2030 - 2034	-		-		775,000		94,565		
	\$ 2,400,000	\$	294,330	\$	5,906,090	\$	1,591,012		

#### Developer Obligation

The Town received from a developer a cash payment in lieu of a line of credit to ensure improvements were made to the developer's property. The deposit has been held by the Town in an interest bearing account and has a balance of \$132,689 at December 31, 2014. The developer has since gone out of business and the

#### December 31, 2014

improvements to the property have never been made. A final determination of this liability has not been made as of December 31, 2014.

#### 7. Rate Maintenance

#### Water Fund

Pursuant to the CWRPDA loan agreement, the Town shall establish, levy, and collect rents, rates, and other charges for the products and services provided by the Town's water system (the "Water System") in an amount sufficient to; (1) meet the operation and maintenance expenses of the Water System, (2) comply with all covenants in the loan resolution, and (3) pay at least 110% of the debt service on all indebtedness or at least 110% of all such debt if connection fees are included as a source of payment.

The following calculation shows the Town has complied with the rate maintenance provision of this loan agreement.

Operating revenues	\$	1,319,143	
Connection fees		1,968,574	
Subtotal	;		
Operation and maintenance expenses		1,148,579	
Net revenue as defined in loan agreement			\$ 2,139,138
2014 principal due	\$	53,012	
2014 interest due		20,483	
		73,495	
		x110%	80,845
Amount the current year revenues were in excesss of the requirements			
of the CWRPDA loan agreement.			\$ 2,058,294

Per the loan agreement, the Town is required to either raise rates within 60 days after the end of the year to comply with the rate covenant or to hire an independent firm of accountants or consulting engineers to do a rate study within 120 days of year end to recommend a rate increase to meet the loan covenant.

#### Sewer Fund

Pursuant to the CWRPDA loan agreement, the Town shall establish, levy, and collect rents, rates, and other charges for the products and services provided by the Town's sewer system (the "Sewer System") in an amount sufficient to; (1) meet the operation and maintenance expenses of the Sewer System, (2) comply with all covenants in the loan resolution, and (3) pay at least 110% of the debt service on all indebtedness or at least 110% of all such debt if connection fees are included as a source of payment.

#### December 31, 2014

The following calculation shows the Town has complied with the rate maintenance provision of this loan agreement.

Operating revenues	\$ 894,006	
Connection fees	1,410,000	
Subtotal	2,304,006	
Operation and maintenance expenses	536,490	
Net revenue as defined in loan agreement		\$ 1,767,516
2014 principal due	\$ 243,752	
2014 interest due	 69,360	
	 313,112	
	x110%	344,423
Amount the current year revenues were in excesss of the requirements		
of the CWRPDA loan agreement.		\$ 1,423,093

Per the loan agreement, the Town is required to either raise rates within 60 days after the end of the year to comply with the rate covenant or to hire an independent firm of accountants or consulting engineers to do a rate study within 120 days of year end to recommend a rate increase to meet the loan covenant.

The Town Board approved resolution 1-2012 SE establishing rate stabilization account in the Sewer Fund in conformity with the rate covenant provisions of the 2002 CWRPDA loan agreement. This resolution restricted \$350,000 specifically for debt service on the aforementioned CWRPDA loan, retroactive to December 31, 2011. This restriction, plus the calculation shown above, demonstrates the Town is in compliance with the requirements of the CWRPDA loan at December 31, 2014.

The CWRPDA loans in the Water and Sewer Funds require the Town to maintain an operations and maintenance reserve in an amount equal to three months of operations and maintenance expenses, excluding depreciation of the system, as set forth in the annual budget for the current fiscal year. The Town has restricted \$287,146 in the Water Fund and \$137,834 in the Sewer Fund to comply with the terms of these agreements.

Pursuant to the 2014 special revenue bond obligation agreement, the Town shall establish, maintain, enforce, and collect rates, fees, and charges for the services provided by the Town's wastewater system to create gross revenue each calendar year sufficient to pay operation and maintenance expenses and to create net revenue in an amount: (1) equal to not less than 120% of the amount necessary to pay when due the principal of and interest on the bonds and any parity lien bonds coming due during such calendar year; and (2) sufficient to make up any deficiencies in the reserve account. In the event that the gross revenue at any time is not sufficient to make such payments, the Town shall promptly increase such rates, fees, and charges to an extent which will ensure the payments and accumulations required by the ordinance.

#### December 31, 2014

The following calculation shows the Town has complied with the rate maintenance provision of this bond agreement.

Operating revenues Connection fees		94,006	
Subtotal Operation and maintenance expenses	•	04,006 36,490	
Net revenue as defined in Ioan agreement 2014 principal due 2014 interest due	\$	-	\$ 1,767,516
		- x120%	
Amount the current year revenues were in excesss of the requirements of the general bond obligation.			\$ 1,767,516

#### 8. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The Town carries commercial insurance covering specific and general risks of loss, including worker's compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage.

#### 9. Taxes, Spending and Debt Limitations

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment (the "Amendment" or "TABOR") to the State Constitution (Article X, Section 20) which limits the revenue raising and spending abilities of state and local governments. The limits on property taxes, revenue, and "fiscal year spending" include allowable annual increases tied to inflation and local growth in construction valuation. Fiscal year spending, as defined by the Amendment excludes spending from certain revenue and financing sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards, and fund reserve (balance). The Amendment requires voter approval for any increase in mill levy or tax rates, new taxes, or creation of multi-year debt. Revenue earned in excess of the "spending limit" must be refunded or approved to be retained by the Town under specified voting requirements by the entire electorate.

The Amendment also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. An emergency, as defined by the Amendment, excludes economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary of fringe benefit increase. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). The Town has restricted \$126,081 for this purpose.

On November 5, 1996, the voting citizens of the Town of Wellington authorized the Town (retroactive to January 1, 1995) to, without imposing any new taxes or increases in tax rates, retain all revenue from all sources in 1995 and subsequent years, and to spend the same as a voter-approved revenue change and as exception to limits which would otherwise apply for each of said years under Colorado Constitution Article X, Section 20, the taxpayer's bill of rights. This effectively removed all revenue and spending limits imposed by TABOR.

#### December 31, 2014

The Town believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions will require judicial interpretation.

#### 10. Violation of State Statutes

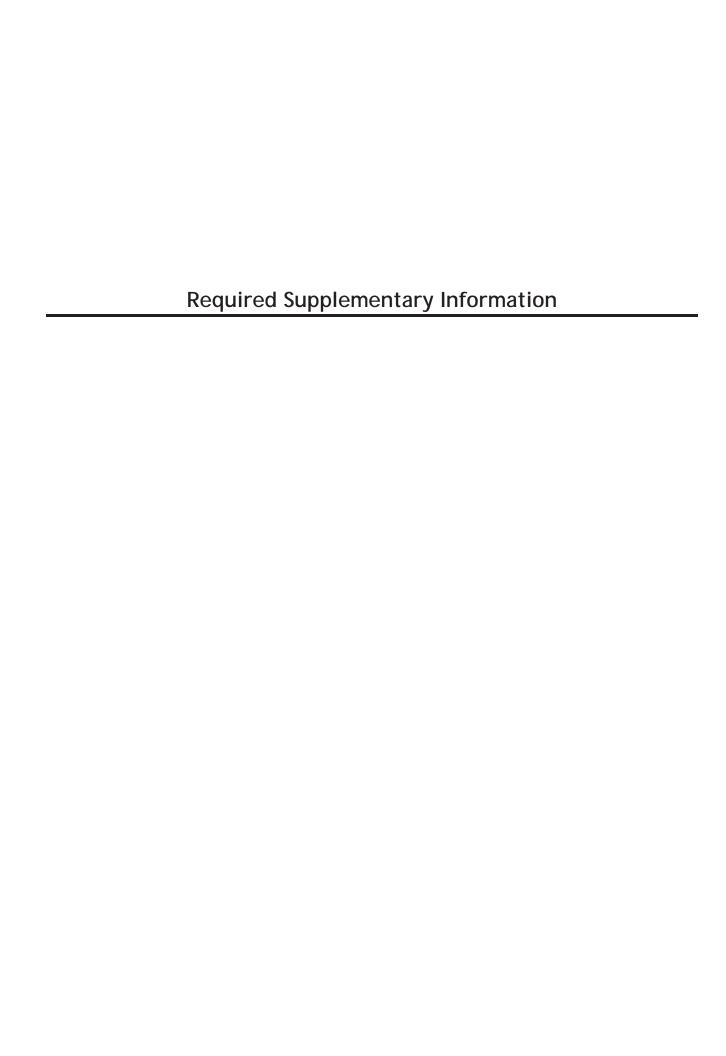
During the year ended December 31, 2014, expenditures exceeded budget appropriations by \$11,007 in the General Fund, which may be in violation of state statutes.

#### 11. Commitments and Contingencies

During 2014, the Town entered into a construction contract for a new waste water treatment plant. The total construction contract is approximately \$4,400,000.

#### 12. Subsequent Events

Management of the Town has evaluated subsequent events through July 28th, 2015, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. No events requiring adjustment to our disclosure in the financial statements were noted.



#### **Town of Wellington**

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Budget and Actual) - General Fund

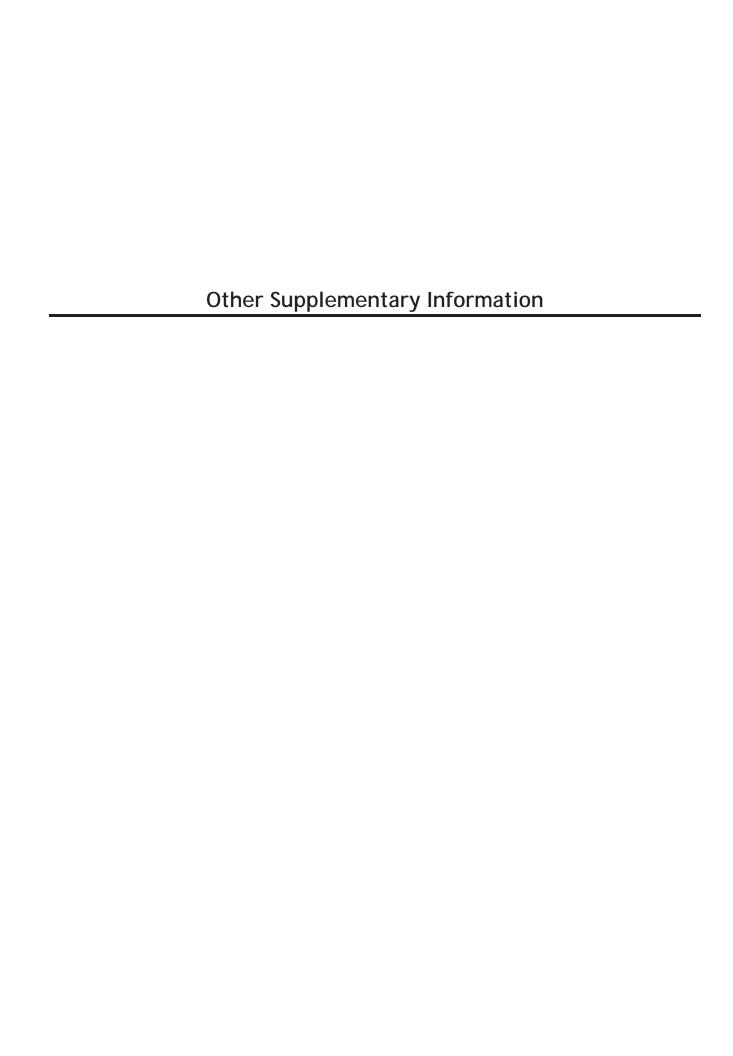
#### Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	_ Actual Amounts	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 1,455,250	\$ 1,763,541	\$ 1,996,339	\$ 2	232,798
Franchise fees	136,000				17,725
Licenses and permits	142,200	142,200	426,255		284,055
Intergovernmental	2,550				1,253
Charges for services	15,025		70,262		55,237
Fines and forfeitures	9,000				5,141
Earnings on investments	810				19,402
Miscellaneous	11,500	11,500	15,616		4,116
Total revenues	1,772,335	2,080,626	2,700,353	(	619,727
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government:					
Legislative	120,448				(35,721)
Judicial	23,350				(3,428)
Administrative	171,947				10,894
Planning and zoning	105,500	105,500	118,878		(13,378)
Public safety:					
Police	628,991	628,991	652,504		(23,513)
Protective inspections	168,404	390,700	372,639		18,061
Public works:					
Sanitation	26,750				7,543
Operating	87,980				(12,224)
Cemetery	4,200				1,937
General use buildings	51,500	51,500	61,583		(10,083)
Park and recreation:					
Community activities	61,135				(5,675)
Economic development	3,500				(13,045)
Library	150,056				44,798
Small equipment	58,250				31,047
Capital outlay	18,000	•	114,595		(16,220)
Total expenditures	1,680,011	1,982,682	2,001,689		(19,007)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	92,324	97,944	698,664	(	600,720
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	15,895		15,895
Transfers out	(8,000	) (8,000)	-		8,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(8,000	(8,000)	15,895		23,895
Net change in fund balance	\$ 84,324	\$ 89,944	714,559 <b>-</b>	\$ (	624,615
Fund balance at beginning of year			2,209,246	_	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 2,923,805	_	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Budget and Actual) - Street and Park Funds

# Year Ended December 31, 2014

		Street Fund	Fund			Park Fund	Fund	
	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 267,500	\$ 264,000	\$ 288,772	\$ 24,772	\$ 260,000	\$ 260,000	\$ 862,667	\$ 302,667
Impact fees	24,000	24,000	103,322	79,322	48,000	48,000	179,400	131,400
Licenses and permits	3,250	3,250	153	(3,097)	•	•	•	1
Charges for services	' (	1 (	1	1 (0	006′999	906'999	64,471	(2, 429)
Earnings on investments Contributions and grants	400 2,168,703	400 2,168,703	70 24,953 1,202	(330) (2,143,750) 1,122	3,133,858 5,750	3,133,858 5,750	25,750	(30) (3,108,108)
Wiscerial Gods	000	000	000	001,1	0,2,0	0,230	† (f)	(000,0)
Total revenues	2,464,103	2,460,603	418,653	(2,041,950)	3,814,308	3,814,308	1,134,202	(2,680,106)
Expenditures								
Public works/Parks and recreation:								
Administrative	54,626	54,626	55,155	(529)	71,534	71,534	85,964	(14,430)
Operating	339,463	339,463	449,715	(110,252)	259,161	259,161	280,524	(21,363)
Recreation			' '	' !	203, 16/	203,167	1/9,369	23, 798
Small equipment and other	113,000	113,000	62,343	50,657	33,600	33,600	11,300	22,300 F 411,07E
Capital outlay	2,902,703	2,902,703	457,795	2,444,908	0, 142, 108	0, 142, 108	/31,033	5,411,075
Total expenditures	3,409,792	3,409,792	1,025,008	2,384,784	6,709,570	6,709,570	1,288,190	5,421,380
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures								
	(945,689)	(646,189)	(606, 355)	342,834	(2,895,262)	(2,895,262)	(153,988)	2,741,274
Other financing sources								
Loan proceeds	1	1	1	1	2,800,000	2,800,000	2,400,000	(400,000)
Total other financing sources		'	,	1	2,800,000	2,800,000	2,400,000	(400,000)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (945,689)	\$ (949,189)	(606,355)	\$ 342,834	\$ (95,262)	\$ (95,262)	2,246,012	\$ 2,341,274
Fund balances at beginning of year		'	1,188,615				1,045,437	
Fund balances at end of year		•	\$ 582,260			-	\$ 3,291,449	



#### **Town of Wellington**

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Budget and Actual) Conservation Trust Fund

#### Year Ended December 31, 2014

	 Budgeted Original	l Am	ounts Final	. ,	Actual Amounts	Fin	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
Revenues							
Intergovernmental Earnings on investments	\$ 62,000 250	\$	62,000 250	\$	63,595 199	\$	1,595 (51)
Total revenues	62,250		62,250		63,794		1,544
Net change in fund balance	\$ 62,250	\$	62,250		63,794	\$	1,544
Fund balance at beginning of year					368,741	_	
Fund balance at end of year				\$	432,535		

# Town of Wellington Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) Water Fund

#### Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	_ Actual _ Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 1,004,250	\$ 1,004,250	\$ 1,312,351	\$ 308,101
Miscellaneous	6,000	6,000	6,792	792
Total operating revenues	1,010,250	1,010,250	1,319,143	308,893
Operating expenses				
Administrative	211,085	211,085	170,935	40,150
Operating	839,715	839,715	956,879	(117,164)
Small equipment	45,700	45,700	20,765	24,935
Total operating expenses	1,096,500	1,096,500	1,148,579	(52,079)
Operating income (loss)	(86,250)	(86,250)	170,564	256,814
Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Property taxes	87,562	87,562	87,803	241
Capital contributions	1,603,293	1,603,293	1,968,574	365,281
Earnings on investments	1,000	1,000	316	(684)
Other non-operating revenue	3,500	3,500	-	(3,500)
Interest expense	(67,143)	(67,143)	(50,476)	16,667
Principal paid	(93,523)	(93,523)	(109,921)	(16,398)
Capital outlay	(4,220,622)	(4,220,622)	(112,150)	4,108,472
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(2,685,933)	(2,685,933)	1,784,146	4,470,079
Change in net position - budgetary basis	\$ (2,772,183)	\$ (2,772,183)	1,954,710	\$ 4,726,893
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis			_	
Depreciation			(541,389)	
Principal paid			109,921	
Capital outlay			112,150	_
Change in net position - GAAP basis			1,635,392	
Net position at beginning of year			19,734,109	_
Net position at end of year			\$ 21,369,501	_

# Town of Wellington Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)

#### **Sewer Fund**

#### Year Ended December 31, 2014

	 Budgeted Original	Ar	mounts Final	•	Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Operating revenues Charges for services	\$ 852,500	\$	852,500	\$	894,006	\$	41,506
Total operating revenues	852,500		852,500		894,006		41,506
Operating expenses  Administrative Operating Small equipment	145,493 393,744 12,100		145,493 393,744 12,100		182,745 345,820 7,925		(37,252) 47,924 4,175
Total operating expenses	551,337		551,337		536,490		14,847
Operating income	301,163		301,163		357,516		56,353
Non-operating revenues (expenses)  Capital contributions  Earnings on investments Intergovernmental revenue Other nonoperating revenue Bond proceeds Interest expense Principal paid Capital outlay Loan reserve  Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,836,724 1,250 - 3,500 1,500,000 (99,248) (243,752) (4,885,413) (134,809) (2,021,748)	<b>.</b>	1,836,724 1,250 3,500 1,500,000 (99,248) (243,752) (4,885,413) (134,809) (2,021,748)		1,410,000 408 170,658 506 2,500,000 (77,018) (243,752) (1,444,769) -		(426,724) (842) 170,658 (2,994) 1,000,000 22,230 - 3,440,644 134,809 4,337,781
Change in net position - budgetary basis	\$ (1,720,585)	\$	(1,720,585)		2,673,549	\$	4,394,134
Reconciliation to GAAP basis  Depreciation Principal paid Bond proceeds Capital outlay  Change in net position - GAAP basis					(307,790) 243,752 (2,500,000) 1,444,769 1,554,280		
Net position at beginning of year					10,792,589		
Net position at end of year				\$	12,346,869		

### Town of Wellington

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) Storm Drainage Fund

#### Year Ended December 31, 2014

	 Budgeted Original	l Am	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Operating revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 334,000	\$	334,000	\$ 358,024	\$	24,024
Total operating revenues	334,000		334,000	358,024		24,024
Operating expenses  Administrative Operating Small equipment Reserves	272,787 60,159 12,482 12,000		272,787 60,159 12,482 12,000	355,134 43,760 12,406		(82,347) 16,399 76 12,000
Total operating expenses	357,428		357,428	411,300		(53,872)
Operating loss	(23,428)		(23,428)	(53,276)		(29,848)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)  Taxes Capital contributions Earnings on investments Impact fees Other nonoperating revenue Capital outlay	8,850 238,001 - 36,000 - (404,001)		8,850 238,001 - 36,000 - (404,001)	9,627 - 13 144,316 175 (8,090)		777 (238,001) 13 108,316 175 395,911
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(121,150)		(121,150)	146,041		267,191
Change in net position - budgetary basis	\$ (144,578)	\$	(144,578)	92,765	\$	237,343
Reconciliation to GAAP basis  Depreciation Capital outlay  Change in net position - GAAP basis  Net position at beginning of year				(27,618) 8,090 73,237 1,180,501		
Net position at end of year				\$ 1,253,738		

#### Town of Wellington Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (Budget and Actual) Library Trust Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2014

							Fin	ance with al Budget
		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Actual	-	ositive
	(	Original		Final	ŀ	Amounts	(N	egative)
Additions								
Library impact fees	\$	15,000	\$	31,750	\$	46,750	\$	15,000
Larimer county grant		175		175		-		(175)
Total additions		15,175		31,925		46,750		14,825
Deductions								
Library expenditures		175		1,700		1,678		22
Transfer out		5,100		15,900		15,895		5
Total deductions		5,275		17,600		17,573		27
Change in net position	\$	9,900	\$	14,325		29,177	\$	14,852
Net position at beginning of year						199,686		
Net position at end of year					\$	228,863		



Financial Planning 02/01
Form # 350-050-36

City or County: Town of Wellington

YEAR ENDING:
December 31, 2014

Cummins
81

#### LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT

This Information From The Records Of: Town of Wellington | Prepared By: Mike Cummins

AMOUNT

Phone: 970-568-3381

#### I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USER REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE

	ITEM	A. Local Motor-Fuel Taxes	B. Local Motor-Vehicle Taxes	C. Receipts from State Highway- User Taxes	D. Receipts from Federal Highway Administration
1	. Total receipts available				
2	. Minus amount used for collection expenses				
3	. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes				
4	. Minus amount used for mass transit				
5	. Remainder used for highway purposes				

#### II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES

ITEM

# III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES ITEM AMOUNT

A. Receipts from local sources:		A. Local highway disbursements:	
Local highway-user taxes		Capital outlay (from page 2)	621,264
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:	348,605
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		3. Road and street services:	
c. Total (a.+b.)		Traffic control operations	
2. General fund appropriations		b. Snow and ice removal	
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	167,284	c. Other	
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	26,556	d. Total (a. through c.)	0
<ol><li>Transfers from toll facilities</li></ol>		4. General administration & miscellaneous	55,154
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		5. Highway law enforcement and safety	
a. Bonds - Original Issues		6. Total (1 through 5)	1,025,023
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues		B. Debt service on local obligations:	
c. Notes		1. Bonds:	
d. Total $(a. + b. + c.)$	0	a. Interest	
7. Total (1 through 6)	193,840	b. Redemption	
B. Private Contributions		c. Total (a. + b.)	0
C. Receipts from State government		2. Notes:	
(from page 2)	224,810	a. Interest	
D. Receipts from Federal Government		b. Redemption	
(from page 2)	0	c. Total (a. + b.)	0
E. Total receipts $(A.7 + B + C + D)$	418,650	3. Total (1.c + 2.c)	0
		C. Payments to State for highways	
		D. Payments to toll facilities	·
		E. Total disbursements (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	1,025,023

#### IV. LOCAL HIGHWAY DEBT STATUS

(Show all entries at par)

	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)				0
Bonds (Refunding Portion)				
B. Notes (Total)				0

#### V. LOCAL ROAD AND STREET FUND BALANCE

A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
1,188,615	418,650	1,025,023	582,242	0

**Notes and Comments:** 

#### LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT

STATE: Colorado

YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 31, 2014

#### II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments		a. Interest on investments	70
b. Other local imposts:		<ul> <li>b. Traffic Fines &amp; Penalities</li> </ul>	
Sales Taxes		c. Parking Garage Fees	
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees	103,322	d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	63,962	g. Other Misc. Receipts	1,533
6. Total (1. through 5.)	167,284	h. Other	24,953
c. Total (a. + b.)	167,284	i. Total (a. through h.)	26,556
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	202,131	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	22,679	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Federal	
f. Total (a. through e.)	22,679	g. Total (a. through f.)	0
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	224,810	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

#### III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0
b. Engineering Costs			
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities		423,328	423,328
(2). Capacity Improvements			0
(3). System Preservation		131,871	131,871
(4). System Enhancement & Operation		66,065	66,065
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	621,264	621,264
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	621,264	621,264
			(Carry forward to page 1)

#### Notes and Comments:

County Road & Bridge Tax:	12,826	<b>Street Cut Permits:</b>	150
Specific Ownership Tax:	51,136	Misc. Revenue:	<u>1,383</u>
	63,962		<u>1,533</u>
		CD CT D 1 1	24.052

**CDOT Reimbursement: 24,953** 24,953

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev.1-05)